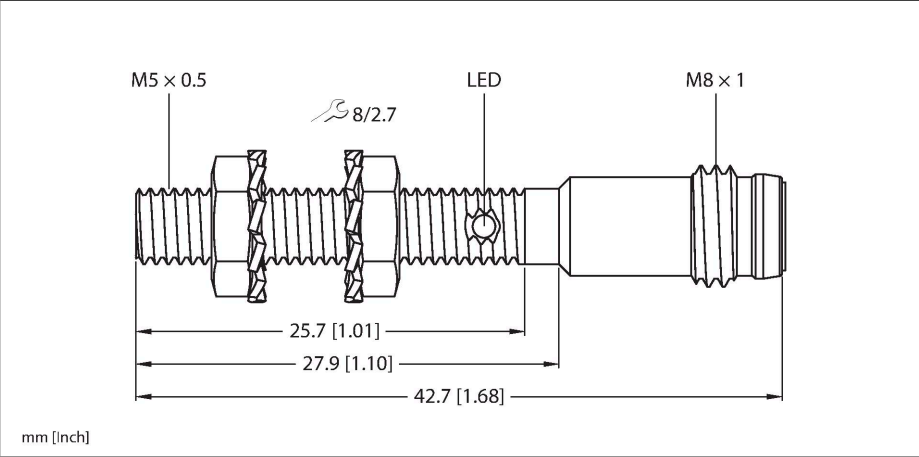


BI1-EG05-AN6X-V1331

Inductive Sensor



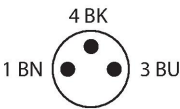
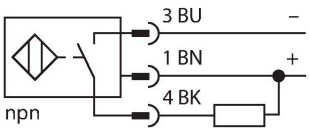
Technical data

Type	BI1-EG05-AN6X-V1331
ID	4608740
General data	
Rated switching distance	1 mm
Mounting conditions	Flush
Secured operating distance	$\leq (0.81 \times S_n)$ mm
Correction factors	St37 = 1; Al = 0.3; stainless steel = 0.7; Ms = 0.4
Repeat accuracy	$\leq 2 \%$ of full scale
Hysteresis	10 %
Electrical data	
Operating voltage U_B	10...30 VDC
Ripple U_{ss}	$\leq 10 \%$ U_{Bmax}
DC rated operating current I_o	≤ 100 mA
No-load current	≤ 15 mA
Residual current	≤ 0.1 mA
Isolation test voltage	0.5 kV
Short-circuit protection	yes/Cyclic
Voltage drop at I_o	≤ 1.8 V
Wire break/reverse polarity protection	yes/Complete
Output function	3-wire, NO contact, NPN
Switching frequency	3 kHz
Mechanical data	
Design	Threaded barrel, M5 x 0.5
Dimensions	42.7 mm
Housing material	Stainless steel, 1.4305 (AISI 303)
Active area material	Plastic, PA6.6

Features

- Threaded barrel, M5 x 0.5
- Stainless steel, 1.4305 (AISI303)
- DC 3-wire, 10...30 VDC
- NO contact, NPN output
- M8 x 1 male connector

Wiring diagram



Functional principle

Inductive sensors detect metal objects contactless and wear-free. For this, they use a high-frequency electromagnetic AC field that interacts with the target. Inductive sensors generate this field via an RLC circuit with a ferrite coil.

