

BI6U-M12-VP6X

Inductive Sensor



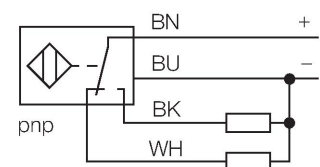
Technical data

Type	BI6U-M12-VP6X
ID	1644803
General data	
Rated switching distance	6 mm
Mounting conditions	Flush
Secured operating distance	$\leq (0.81 \times S_n)$ mm
Repeat accuracy	$\leq 2 \%$ of full scale
Temperature drift	$\leq \pm 10 \%$
Hysteresis	3...15 %
Electrical data	
Operating voltage U_B	10...30 VDC
Ripple U_{ss}	$\leq 10 \%$ U_{Bmax}
DC rated operating current I_e	≤ 200 mA
No-load current	≤ 25 mA
Residual current	≤ 0.1 mA
Isolation test voltage	0.5 kV
Short-circuit protection	yes/Cyclic
Voltage drop at I_e	≤ 1.8 V
Wire break/reverse polarity protection	yes/Complete
Output function	4-wire, Complementary contact, PNP
DC field stability	300 mT
AC field stability	300 mT _{ss}
Switching frequency	2 kHz
Mechanical data	
Design	Threaded barrel, M12 x 1
Dimensions	54 mm
Housing material	Metal, CuZn, Chrome-plated

Features

- M12 x 1 threaded barrel
- Chrome-plated brass
- Factor 1 for all metals
- Protection class IP68
- Resistant to magnetic fields
- Large switching distance
- DC 4-wire, 10...30 VDC
- Changeover contact, PNP output
- Cable connection

Wiring diagram



Functional principle

Inductive sensors are designed for wear-free and contactless detection of metal objects. uprox3 sensors have significant advantages due to their patented multi-coil system. They excel thanks to their optimum switching distances, maximum flexibility and operational reliability as well as efficient standardization.

Technical data

Active area material	Plastic, LCP
End cap	Plastic, EPTR
Max. tightening torque of housing nut	7 Nm
Electrical connection	Cable
Cable quality	Ø 5.2 mm, Gray, LifYY, PVC, 2 m
Core cross-section	4 x 0.34 mm ²
Environmental conditions	
Ambient temperature	-25...+70 °C
Vibration resistance	55 Hz (1 mm)
Shock resistance	30 g (11 ms)
Protection class	IP68
MTTF	874 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C
Switching state	LED, Yellow

Mounting instructions

Mounting instructions/Description

The image contains three technical diagrams illustrating mounting configurations for a sensor.

1. Top diagram: A single sensor unit is shown being mounted onto a flat surface. A dimension line labeled 'T' indicates the thickness of the mounting surface.

2. Middle diagram: Two sensor units are shown mounted on a surface, separated by a distance. A dimension line labeled 'G' indicates the center-to-center distance between the two sensors.

3. Bottom diagram: Two sensor units are mounted side-by-side on a larger rectangular plate. Three dimensions are labeled: 'D' is the distance between the active areas of the two sensors; 'S' is the distance from the edge of the plate to the center of a sensor; and 'W' is the total width of the mounting plate.

Distance D	24 mm
Distance W	3 x Sn
Distance T	3 x B
Distance S	1.5 x B
Distance G	6 x Sn
Diameter active area B	Ø 12 mm

The sensor along with the BSS-12 half-shell clamp can be mounted with a torque of up to 0.5 Nm in any orientation.

Accessories

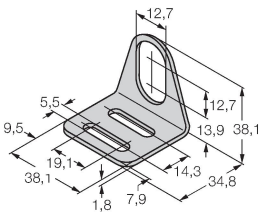
BST-12B 6947212

Mounting clamp for threaded barrel sensors, with dead-stop; material: PA6



MW12 6945003

Mounting bracket for threaded barrel sensors; material: Stainless steel A2 1.4301 (AISI 304)



BSS-12 6901321

Mounting clamp for smooth and threaded barrel sensors; material: Polypropylene

