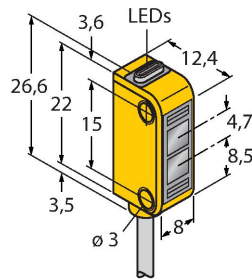


Q12RB6R

Photoelectric Sensor – Opposed Mode Sensor (Emitter/Receiver)

Miniature Sensor



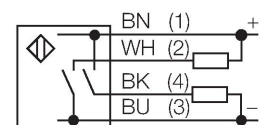
Technical data

Type	Q12RB6R
ID	3072137
Optical data	
Function	Opposed mode sensor
Operating mode	Receiver
Wavelength	640 nm
Range	0...2000 mm
Electrical data	
Operating voltage	10...30 VDC
Residual ripple	< 10 % U _{ss}
DC rated operational current	≤ 50 mA
No-load current	≤ 20 mA
Short-circuit protection	yes
Reverse polarity protection	yes
Output function	NO contact, dark operation, PNP/NPN
Switching frequency	≤ 450 Hz
Readiness delay	≤ 120 ms
Response time typical	< 1.3 ms
Mechanical data	
Design	Rectangular, Q12
Dimensions	12.4 x 8 x 26.6 mm
Housing material	Plastic, Thermoplastic material, Yellow
Lens	plastic, Polycarbonate
Electrical connection	Cable, 2 m, PVC

Features

- Cable, PVC, 2 m
- Protection class IP67
- LED all-round visible
- Indication of insufficient excess gain
- Operating voltage: 10...30 VDC
- Switching output, bipolar, dark operation

Wiring diagram



Functional principle

Opposed mode sensors consist of an emitter and receiver. They are installed opposite each other so that the light from the emitter is aimed directly at the receiver. When an object interrupts or weakens the light beam, the sensor switches. Opposed mode sensors are the most reliable photoelectric sensors for detection of opaque targets. An excellent contrast between light and dark conditions and an extremely high excess gain are typical of this sensing mode, thus allowing operation over larger distances and under difficult conditions.

Excess gain curve
Excess gain in relation to the distance

