

S18SP6RE

Photoelectric Sensor – Opposed Mode Sensor (Receiver)



Technical data

Type	S18SP6RE
ID	3037077
Optical data	
Function	Opposed mode sensor
Operating mode	Emitter/receiver pair
Range	0...20000 mm
Electrical data	
Operating voltage	10...30 VDC
No-load current	≤ 25 mA
Short-circuit protection	yes / Cyclic
Reverse polarity protection	yes
Output function	Connection programmable, PNP
Switching frequency	≤ 160 Hz
Readiness delay	≤ 100 ms
Response time typical	< 3 ms
Overcurrent release	> 220 mA
Mechanical data	
Design	Tube, S18
Dimensions	Ø 18 mm
Housing material	Plastic, Thermoplastic material
Lens	plastic, Polycarbonate
Electrical connection	Cable, 2 m, PVC
Number of cores	4
Core cross-section	0.5 mm ²
Ambient temperature	-40...+70 °C
Protection class	IP67 IP69

Features

- Cable, 2 m
- Protection class IP67
- Ambient temperature: -40...+70 °C
- Selectable light/dark operation or light operation with alarm function
- Operating voltage: 10...30 VDC
- PNP switching output, changeover

Wiring diagram



Functional principle

Opposed mode sensors consist of an emitter and receiver. They are installed opposite each other so that the light from the emitter is aimed directly at the receiver. When an object interrupts or weakens the light beam, the sensor switches. Opposed mode sensors are the most reliable photoelectric sensors for detection of opaque targets. An excellent contrast between light and dark conditions and an extremely high excess gain are typical of this sensing mode, thus allowing operation over larger distances and under difficult conditions. Excess gain curve
Excess gain in relation to the distance

